

# AN INTERESTING CASE REPORT OF BRICK KLIN WORKER PALSY

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#### INTRODUCTION

Compression of peripheral nerves causes various mononeuropathies.

Compression neuropathy of the common peroneal nerve (CPN) at the fibula head is the most common type occurring in the lower limb.

A prolonged squatting posture is one cause of this type of compression neuropathy in the CPN, but there has been little research in the working environment.

Here, we report a brick klin worker who presented with left CPN palsy following prolonged squatting posture in a confined space.

### CASE DETAILS

35 years old female presented with complaints of **dragging of left foot while walking and inability to clear the left foot off the floor** for past 3 days .

C/O numbress in lateral aspect of left leg and dorsum of the left foot for past 3 days.

No H/O buckling of knees while walking & no H/O difficulty in getting up from squatting position/sitting position.. No H/O saddle anesthesia. No H/O any complaints in both upper limbs. No H/O bowel and bladder disturbance. No H/O low back ache /pain or pain radiating from lower back to thigh. No H/O trauma ,fever and surgery in the recent past.

Patient had significant h/o prolonged squatting at her work place in brick klin[12 hours for 3 days]

On Examination, patient general condition was normal,

HMF &CRANIAL NERVE EXAMINATION - Normal,

SPINOMOTOR EXAMINATION - DISTAL HYPOTONIA IN LEFT FOOT, LEFT ANKLE DORSIFLEXION & EVERSION POWER OF 1/5, plantar flexion & inversion was absolutely normal

Left knee & hip power was normal,

SENSORY EXAMINATION - REDUCED PAIN&TEMPERATURE SENSATION IN LEFT LATERAL SIDE OF LEG&IN DORSUM OF LEFT FOOT.

Romberg sign negative. No cerebellar signs.

#### DIAGNOSIS

Patient evaluated further, basic blood investigations were found to be normal.

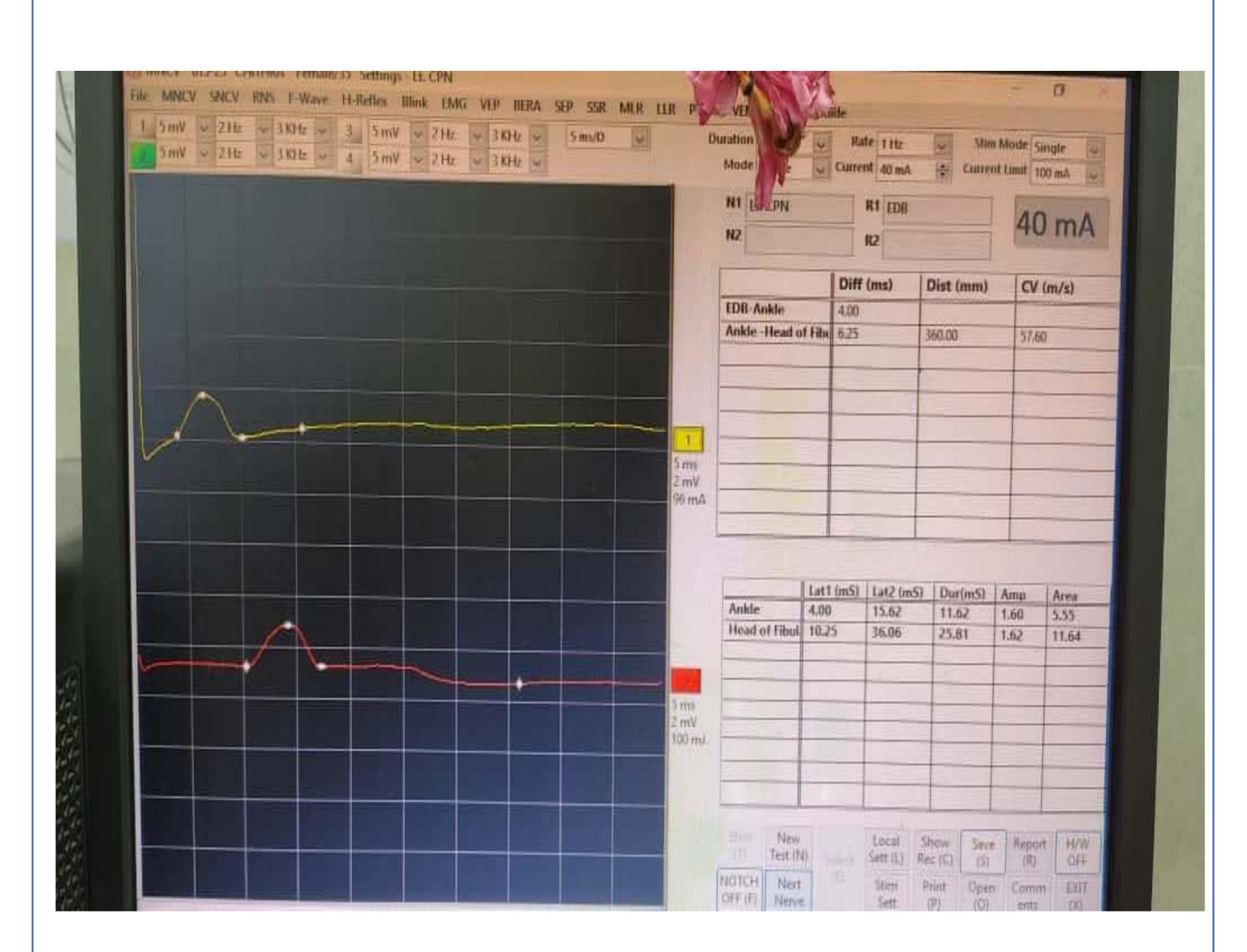
- ESR/CRP normal.
- ANA ANCA ,RA factor normal.
- TFT normal.
- NCS of both lower limb revealed gross reduction of CMAP amplitude in left common peroneal nerve.
- MRI LS SPINE was normal.

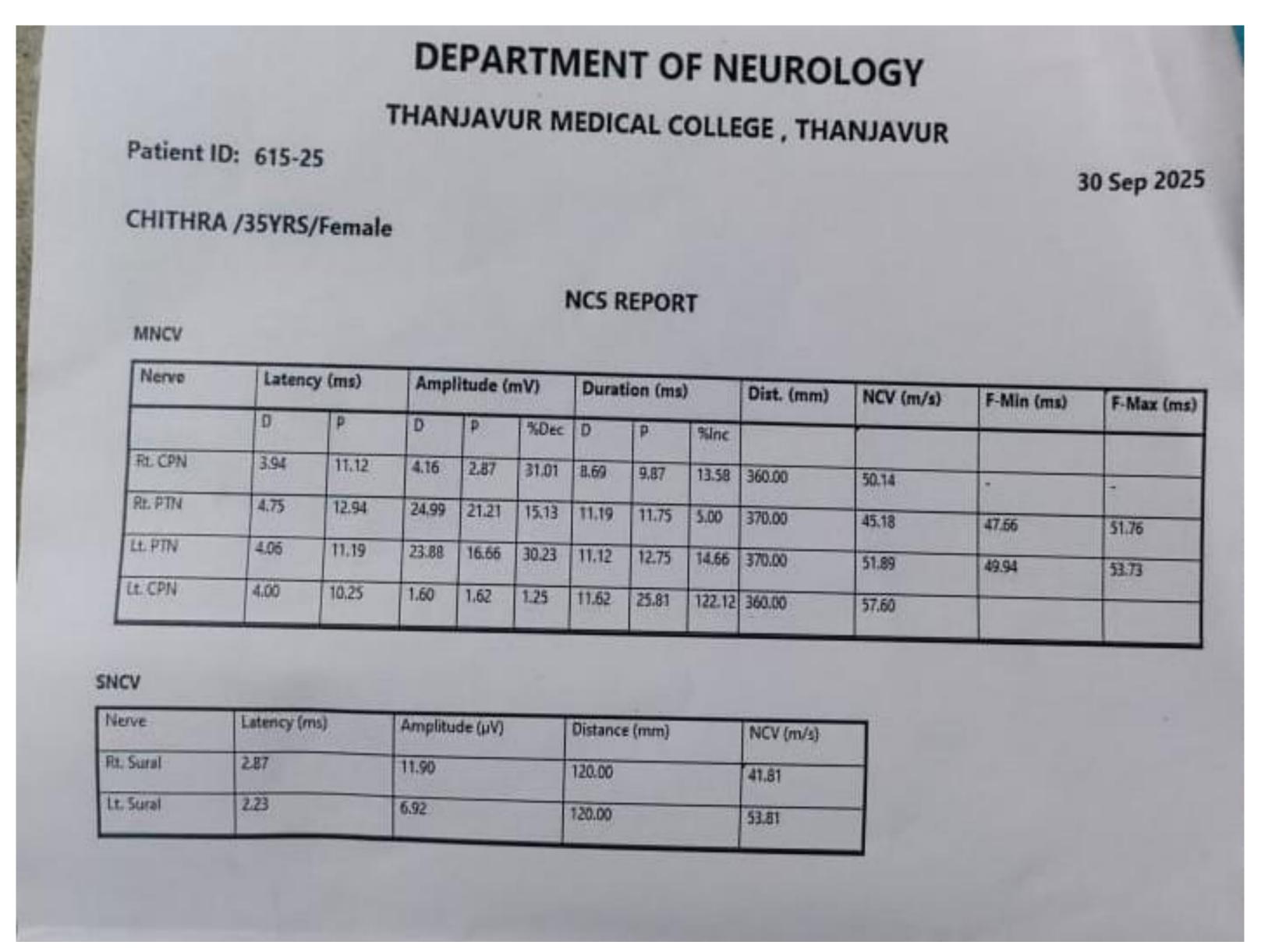


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#### CONFIRMATION





#### DISCUSSION

- The fibula head is the most common site of compression neuropathy in the CPN because the nerve runs superficially at this site.
- Several postures, such as crossing of the legs, Sitting and lying down, cause compression neuropathy at the fibula head in the CPN.
- Prolonged squatting postures also induce this type of compression neuropathy.
- In working environments, squattinginduced CPN neuropathy has been reported in harvesting farm workers but little is known about this type of neuropathy in other Occupations[brick klin worker]
- NCS is a useful tool to determine the pathophysiology and the location of compression neuropathy.
- In our patient, the first NCS showed reduction of both proximal and distal CMAP Amplitude indicated LEFT COMMON PERONEAL AXONOPATHY. There is no conduction block.

#### TREATMENT

Patient was managed conservatively with low dose steroids and intense physiotherapy.

Advised her to change her occupation and not to squat for prolonged period in any other occupation.

After 3 months of follow up, in spite of intense physiotherapy residual weakness[left dorsiflexion] was present.

Patient advised to continue physiotherapy and advised plastic surgery follow up.

#### CONCLUSION

- Prolonged squatting posture in a confined space can cause acute compression neuropathy at the fibula head in the common peroneal nerve.
- It is important to consider compression neuropathy in confined space workers
- Creating awareness of those workers will prevent long term disability

#### **AUTHOR INFORMATION**

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